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# ProteinLigandBenchmarks Documentation

**plbenchmark**

**Jun 01, 2022**



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## INSTALLING THE PROTEIN LIGAND BENCHMARK SET

The Protein Ligand Benchmark Set is currently only installable from source.

### 1.1 Installation from Source

The repository uses [git-lfs \(large file storage\)](#) for the storage of all the data file. Ideally git-lfs is installed first before cloning the repository.

```
conda create -n plbenchmark python=3.7 git-lfs
conda activate plbenchmark
git lfs clone https://github.com/openforcefield/protein-ligand-benchmark.git
cd protein-ligand-benchmark
conda env update --file environment.yml
pip install -e .
```



## EXAMPLE NOTEBOOK: PROTEIN-LIGAND-BENCHMARK

### 2.1 Related Publication

The [preprint](#) on “Best practices for constructing, preparing, and evaluating protein-ligand binding affinity benchmarks” provides accompanying information to this benchmark dataset and how to use it for alchemical free energy calculations. For any suggestions of improvements please raise an issue in its [GitHub repository](#).

```
[1]: from plbenchmark import targets
      from IPython.core.display import HTML
```

```
Warning: Unable to load toolkit 'OpenEye Toolkit'. The Open Force Field Toolkit does not
↳ require the OpenEye Toolkits, and can use RDKit/AmberTools instead. However, if you
↳ have a valid license for the OpenEye Toolkits, consider installing them for faster
↳ performance and additional file format support: https://docs.eyesopen.com/toolkits/
↳ python/quickstart-python/linuxosx.html OpenEye offers free Toolkit licenses for
↳ academics: https://www.eyesopen.com/academic-licensing
```

### 2.2 Get the whole set of targets in the dataset

```
[2]: # it is initialized from the `plbenchmark/sample_data/targets.yml` file
      target_set = targets.TargetSet()
      # to see which targets are available, one can get a list of names
      target_set.get_names()
```

```
[2]: ['mcl1_sample']
```

The TargetSet is a Dict, but can be converted to a pandas.DataFrame or a html string via TargetSet.get\_dataframe(columns=None) or TargetSet.get\_html(columns=None). The default None for columns means that all columns are printed. One can also define a subset of columns as a list:

```
[3]: HTML(target_set.get_html(columns=['name', 'fullname', 'pdb', 'references', 'numLigands',
↳ 'minDG', 'maxDG', 'associated_sets']))
```

```
/home/dhahn3/miniconda3/envs/plbenchmark/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/
↳ cast.py:1638: UnitStrippedWarning: The unit of the quantity is stripped when
↳ downcasting to ndarray.
      result[:] = values
```

```
[3]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

A target can be accessed with its name in two ways

```
[4]: mcl1 = target_set['mcl1_sample']
      mcl1_2 = target_set.get_target('mcl1_sample')
```

## 2.3 The Target class

contains all the available information about one target of plbenchmark. It also has two member variables, `_ligand_set` and `_edge_set`, which contain the information about the available ligand and edges of the respective target. A Target can either be accessed from the TargetSet (see cell before) or initialized using its name via

```
[5]: mcl1 = targets.Target('mcl1_sample')
      # The data in the column is stored in a pandas.Series and can be accessed via
      mcl1.get_dataframe(columns=None)

/home/dhahn3/miniconda3/envs/plbenchmark/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/
↳ cast.py:1638: UnitStrippedWarning: The unit of the quantity is stripped when
↳ downcasting to ndarray.
      result[:] = values
```

```
[5]: associated_sets          [Schrodinger JACS]
      comments                hydrophobic interactions contributing to binding
      date                    2020-08-21
      fullname                Induced myeloid leukemia cell differentiation ...
      id                      99
      ligands                 [lig_23, lig_26, lig_27, lig_28, lig_29, lig_3...
      name                    mcl1_sample
      netcharge                xx
      pdb                     4HW3
      references              {'calculation': ['10.1021/ja512751q', '10.1021...
      numLigands              15
      maxDG                   -6.1 kilocalorie / mole
      minDG                   -9.0 kilocalorie / mole
      std(DG)                 0.9 kilocalorie / mole
      calculation             REP1http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja512751qREP2Wan...
      pdblinks                REP1http://www.rcsb.org/structure/4HW3REP24HW3...
      dtype: object
```

Access to the EdgeSet and LigandSet in different formats is achieved by

```
[6]: mcl1_ligands = mcl1.get_ligand_set()
      mcl1_ligands_df = mcl1.get_ligand_set_dataframe()
      HTML(mcl1.get_ligand_set_html(columns = ['name', 'ROMol', 'measurement',
↳ 'DerivedMeasurement']))
```

```
[6]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
[7]: mcl1_edges = mcl1.get_edge_set()
      mcl1_edges_df = mcl1.get_edge_set_dataframe()
      HTML(mcl1.get_edge_set_html())

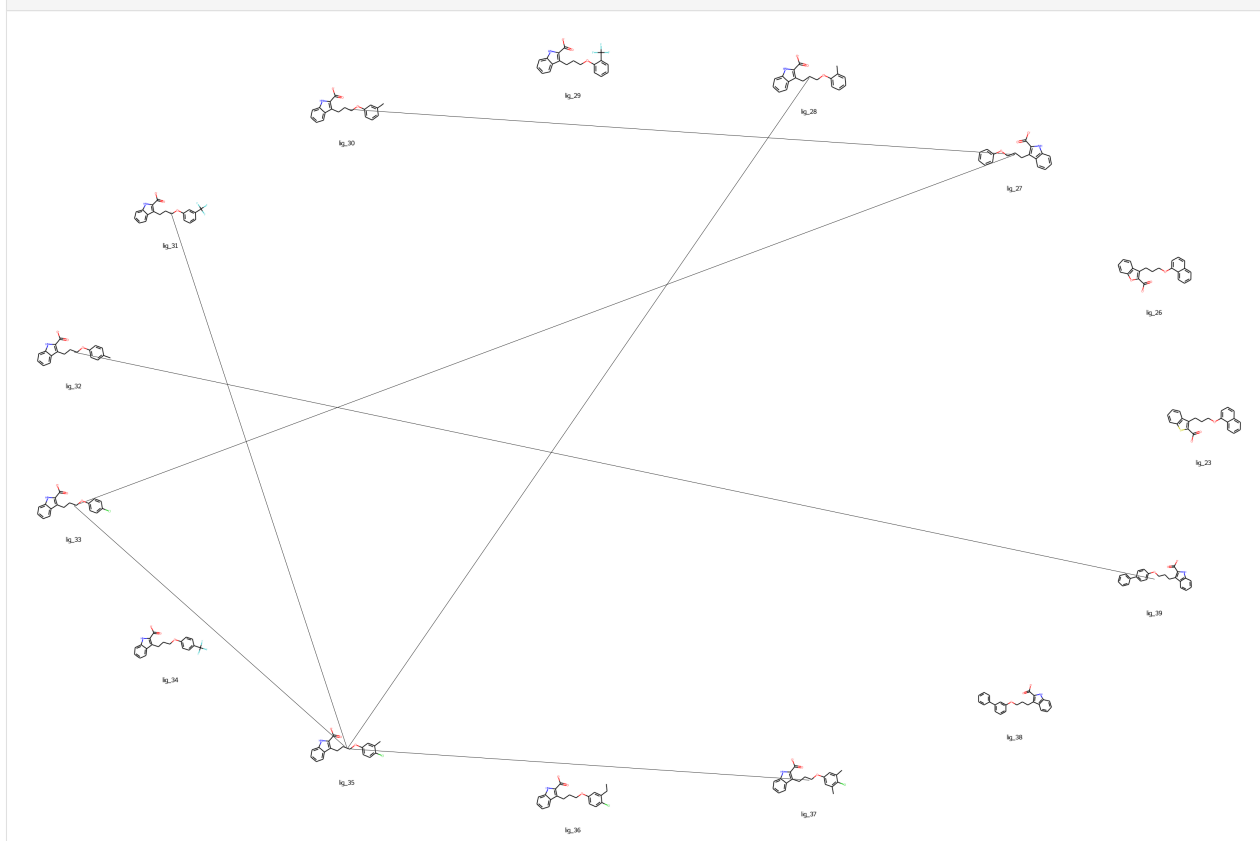
/home/dhahn3/miniconda3/envs/plbenchmark/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/
↳ cast.py:1638: UnitStrippedWarning: The unit of the quantity is stripped when
↳ downcasting to ndarray.
      result[:] = values
```



```
[7]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

Finally, the set out of ligands and edges can be visualized in a graph:

```
[8]: graph = mcl1.get_graph()
```



## 2.4 The LigandSet and Ligand class

The LigandSet consists of a Dict of Ligands which are available for one target. It is accessible via `Target.get_ligand_set()`, but can also be initialized directly.

```
[9]: from plbenchmark import ligands
```

```
[10]: mcl1_ligands = ligands.LigandSet('mcl1_sample')
HTML(mcl1_ligands.get_html())
```

```
/home/dhahn3/miniconda3/envs/plbenchmark/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/
↳ cast.py:1638: UnitStrippedWarning: The unit of the quantity is stripped when
↳ downcasting to ndarray.
   result[:] = values
```

```
[10]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

The Ligand classes can be accessed from the LigandSet by their name. Each Ligand has information about experimental data, references, SMILES string and SDF file path of the docked structure. Additionally, there are functions to derive and process the primary data, which is then added to the `pandas.Series` as a new entry.

```
[11]: lig_30 = mcl1_ligands['lig_30']  
      lig_27 = mcl1_ligands.get_ligand('lig_27')
```

## 2.5 The EdgeSet and Edge class

The `EdgeSet` contains a dict of Edges which are available for one target. It is accessible via `Target.get_edge_set()`, but can also be initialized directly.

```
[12]: from plbenchmark import edges
```

```
[13]: mc11_edges = edges.EdgeSet('mc11_sample')
HTML(mc11_edges.get_html())
```

```

/home/dhahn3/miniconda3/envs/plbenchmark/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/
↳ cast.py:1638: UnitStrippedWarning: The unit of the quantity is stripped when
↳ downcasting to ndarray.
    result[:] = values

```

```
[13]: <IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
[14]: mcl1_edges.keys()
```

```
[14]: dict_keys(['edge_28_35', 'edge_30_27', 'edge_31_35', 'edge_33_27', 'edge_35_33', 'edge_35_37', 'edge_39_32'])
```

The Edge classes can be accessed from the `EdgeSet` by their name. They are lightweight and provide only access to a `pandas.DataFrame` and a `Dict`:

```
[15]: edge_30_27 = mcl1_edges.get_edge('edge_30_27')
df = edge_30_27.get_dataframe()
edge_30_27.get_dict()
```

```
[15]: {'ligand_a': 'lig_30',
       'ligand_b': 'lig_27',
       'name': 'edge_30_27',
       'Mol1': <rdkit.Chem.rdchem.Mol at 0x7f1a3046e8e0>,
       'Smiles1': '[H]c1c(c(c2c(c1[H])C(=C(N2[H])C(=O)[O-]
       ↪))C([H])([H])C([H])([H])C([H])([H])O)c3c(c(c(c3[H])C([H])([H])[H])[H])[H])[H])[H]',
       ↪,
       'Mol2': <rdkit.Chem.rdchem.Mol at 0x7f1a30460700>,
       'Smiles2':
       ↪ '[H]c1c(c(c(c(c1[H])[H])OC([H])([H])C([H])([H])C([H])([H])C2=C(N(c3c2c(c(c3[H])[H])[H])[H])[H])[H]',
       ↪ '[H])[H]',
       'exp. DeltaG [kcal/mol]': 1.73 <Unit('kilocalorie / mole')>,
       'exp. Error [kcal/mol]': 0.22 <Unit('kilocalorie / mole')>}
```

### 3.1 Data file tree and file description

The data is organized as follows:

data	
├ targets.yml	# list of all targets and their directories
├ <date>_<target_name_1>	# directory for target 1
│ └ 00_data	# metadata for target 1
│ │ └ edges.yml	# edges/perturbations
│ │ └ ligands.yml	# ligands and activities
│ │ └ target.yml	# target
│ └ 01_protein	# protein data
│ │ └ crd	# coordinates
│ │ │ └ cofactors_crystalwater.pdb	# cofactors and crystal waters
│ │ │ └ protein.pdb	# aminoacid residues
│ │ └ top	# topology(s)
│ │ │ └ amber99sb-star-ildn-mut.ff	# force field spec.
│ │ │ └ cofactors_crystalwater.top	# Gromacs TOP file of
└ cofactors and crystal water	
│ │ └ protein.top	# Gromacs TOP file of
└ amino acid residues	
│ │ └ *.itp	# Gromacs ITP file(s) to
└ be included in TOP files	
├ 02_ligands	# ligands
│ └ lig_<name_1>	# ligand 1
│ │ └ crd	# coordinates
│ │ │ └ lig_<name_1>.sdf	# SDF file
│ │ └ top	# topology(s)
│ │ │ └ openff-1.0.0.offxml	# force field spec.
│ │ │ └ fflig_<name_1>.itp	# Gromacs ITP file :
└ atom types	
│ │ └ lig_<name_1>.itp	# Gromacs ITP file
│ │ └ lig_<name_1>.top	# Gromacs TOP file
│ │ └ posre_lig_<name_1>.itp	# Gromacs ITP file :
└ position restraint file	
│ └ lig_<name_2>	# ligand 2
└ ...	
├ 03_hybrid	# edges (perturbations)
└ edge_<name_1>_<name_2>	# edge between ligand 1 and ligand

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```
| | | | |└─ water # edge in water
| | | | |└─ crd # coordinates
| | | | |└─ mergedA.pdb # merged conf based on┐
└─┐coords of ligand 1
| | | | |└─ mergedB.pdb # merged conf based on┐
└─┐coords of ligand 2
| | | | |└─ pairs.dat # atom mapping
| | | | |└─ score.dat # similarity score
| | | | |└─ top # topology(s)
| | | | |└─ openff-1.0.0.offxml # force field spec.
| | | | |└─ ffmerged.itp # Gromacs ITP file
| | | | |└─ ffMOL.itp # Gromacs ITP file
| | | | |└─ merged.itp # Gromacs ITP file
| | | | |...
└─┐<date>_<target_name_2> # directory for target 2
| | | | |...
| | | | |...
```

## CONTRIBUTIONS

- **Authors** David Hahn
- **Data Contributors** The authors of the following publications, especially Vytautas Gapsys and Christina E. M. Schindler.
  - V. Gapsys et al., Large scale relative protein ligand binding affinities using non-equilibrium alchemy, Chem. Sci., 2020,11, 1140-1152
  - Christina E. M. Schindler et al., Large-Scale Assessment of Binding Free Energy Calculations in Active Drug Discovery Projects, J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2020, 60, 11, 5457–5474
  - Laura Perez Benito et al., Predicting Activity Cliffs with Free-Energy Perturbation, J. Chem. Theory Comput. 2019, 15, 3, 1884–1895
- **Discussions and Suggestions** Christopher I. Bayly, Marko Breznik, Hannah E. Bruce Macdonald, John D.Chodera, Katharina Meier, Antonia S. J. S. Mey, David L. Mobley, Laura Perez Benito, Gary Tresadern, Gregory L. Warren and all members of the Open Force Field Initiative
- **Code review and discussions** Matt Thompson, Jeffrey Wagner

### 4.1 Related Publication

The [preprint](#) on “Best practices for constructing, preparing, and evaluating protein-ligand binding affinity benchmarks” provides accompanying information to this benchmark dataset and how to use it for alchemical free energy calculations. For any suggestions of improvements please raise an issue in its [GitHub repository](#).



## API DOCUMENTATION

### 5.1 Targets

targets.py Functions and classes for handling the target data.

**class** plbenchmark.targets.Target(*name: str*)

Class to store the data of one target.

**add\_ligand\_data()**

Adds data from ligands to plbenchmark.targets.target. Molecule images and the minimum and maximum affinity are added.

**Returns**

None

**find\_links()**

Processes primary data to have links in the html string of the target data

**Returns**

None

**get\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Access the target data as a pandas.DataFrame

**Parameters**

**cols** – list of columns which should be returned in the pandas.DataFrame

**Returns**

pandas.DataFrame

**get\_edge\_set()**

Get plbenchmark:edges:edgeSet associated with the target

**Returns**

plbenchmark:edges:edgeSet object

**get\_edge\_set\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Get plbenchmark:edges:edgeSet associated with the target as a pandas.DataFrame

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the pandas.DataFrame

**Returns**

plbenchmark:edges:edgeSet object

**get\_edge\_set\_html**(*columns=None*)

Get plbenchmark.edges:edgeSet associated with the target in a html string

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of edge which should be returned

**Returns**

html string

**get\_graph**()

Get a graph representation of the ligand perturbations associated with the target in a matplotlib.figure

**Returns**

matplotlib.figure

**get\_ligand\_set**()

Get ligandSet associated with the target

**Returns**

plbenchmark.ligands.ligandSet object

**get\_ligand\_set\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Get ligandSet associated with the target in a pandas.DataFrame

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the pandas.DataFrame

**Returns**

pandas.DataFrame

**get\_ligand\_set\_html**(*columns=None*)

Get ligandSet associated with the target in a html string

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned

**Returns**

html string

**get\_name**()

Access the name of the target.

**Returns**

name as a string

**class** plbenchmark.targets.**TargetSet**(\*arg, \*\*kw)

Class inherited from dict to store all available targets in plbenchmark.

**get\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Convert targetSet class to pandas.DataFrame

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the pandas.DataFrame

**Returns**

pandas.DataFrame

**get\_html**(*columns=None*)

Access the plbenchmark.targets:targetSet as a HTML string

**Parameters**

**cols** – list of columns which should be returned in the pandas.DataFrame



**Returns**

HTML string

**get\_names()**

Get a list of available target names

**Returns**

list of strings

**get\_target(name)**

Accesses one target of the targetSet

**Parameters****name** – string name of the target**Returns**

plbenchmark.targets.target class

plbenchmark.targets.**get\_target\_data\_path(target)**

Gets the file path of the target data

**Parameters****target** – string with target name**Returns**

list of directories (have to be joined with '/' to get the file path relative to the plbenchmark repository)

plbenchmark.targets.**get\_target\_dir(target)**

Gets the directory name of the target

**Parameters****target** – string with target name**Returns**

string with directory name

plbenchmark.targets.**set\_data\_dir(path='/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user\_builds/plbenchmarks/checkouts/0.2.1/plb')**

Gets the directory name of the target

**Parameters****path** – string with path to data directory

## 5.2 Ligands

ligands.py Functions and classes for handling the ligand data.

**class** plbenchmark.ligands.**Ligand**(*d: dict, target: Optional[str] = None*)

Store and convert the data of one ligand in a pandas.Series.

**add\_mol\_to\_frame()**

Adds a image file of the ligand to the pandas.DataFrame

**Returns**

None

**derive\_observables**(*derived\_type='dg', destination='DerivedMeasurement', out\_unit=None*)

Derive observables from (stored) primary data, which is then stored in the pandas.DataFrame

**Parameters**

- **derived\_type** – type of derived observable, can be any of ‘dg’ ‘ki’, ‘ic50’ or ‘pic50’
- **destination** – string with column name for ‘pandas.DataFrame’ where the derived observable should be stored.
- **out\_unit** – unit of type `pint` unit of derived coordinate

**Returns**

None

**find\_links()**

Processes primary data to have links in the html string of the ligand data

**Returns**

None

**get\_coordinate\_file\_path()**

Get file path relative to the plbenchmark repository of the SDF coordinate file of the docked ligand

**Returns**

file path as string

**get\_dataframe(*columns=None*)**

Access the ligand data as a `pandas.DataFrame`

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

`pandas.DataFrame`

**get\_html(*columns=None*)**

Access the ligand as a HTML string

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

HTML string

**get\_image()**

Creates a molecule image.

**Returns**

`PIL.Image` object

**get\_molecule()**

Get molecule object with coordinates of the docked ligand

**Returns**

file path as string

**get\_name()**

Access the name of the ligand.

**Returns**

name: string

**class** `plbenchmark.ligands.LigandSet(target, *arg, **kw)`

Class inherited from dict to store all available ligands of one target.

**get\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Access the `ligandSet` as a `pandas.DataFrame`

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

`pandas.DataFrame`

**get\_html**(*columns=None*)

Access the `plbenchmark.ligands.ligandSet` as a HTML string

**Parameters**

**columns** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

HTML string

**get\_ligand**(*name*)

Accesses one ligand of the `ligandSet`

**Parameters**

**name** – string name of the ligand

**Returns**

`plbenchmark.ligands.ligand` class

**get\_list**()

Returns list of ligands

**Returns**

list of ligand names

**get\_molecules**()

Returns a dict with names as keys and values as `py:class:openforcefield:topology:Molecule` objects

**Returns**

dict

## 5.3 Edges

edges.py Functions and classes for handling the perturbation edges.

**class** `plbenchmark.edges.Edge`(*d: dict*)

Store and convert the data of one perturbation (“edge”) in a `pandas.Series`.

**Parameters**

**d** – dict with the edge data

**Returns**

None

**add\_ligand\_data**(*ligand\_set*)

Adds data from ligands to edge. Molecule images and the affinity difference are added.

**Parameters**

**ligand\_set** – `plbenchmark.ligands.ligandSet` class of the same target

**Returns**

None

**get\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Access the edge data as a `pandas.DataFrame`

**Parameters**

**cols** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

`pandas.DataFrame`

**get\_dict**()

Access the edge data as a `dict` which contains the name of the edge as key and the names of the two ligands as list.

**Returns**

`dict`

**get\_name**()

Access the name of the edge.

**Returns**

name as string

**class** `plbenchmark.edges.EdgeSet`(*target, \*arg, \*\*kw*)

Class inherited from `dict` to store all available edges of one target.

**get\_dataframe**(*columns=None*)

Access the `plbenchmark:edges.edgeSet` as a `pandas.DataFrame`

**Parameters**

**cols** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

`pandas.DataFrame`

**get\_dict**()

Access the `plbenchmark:edges.edgeSet` as a `dict` which contains the name of the edges as key and the names of the two ligands in a list as items.

**Returns**

`dict`

**get\_edge**(*name*)

Accesses one edge of the `plbenchmark.edges.edgeSet`

**Parameters**

**name** – string name of the edge

**Returns**

`plbenchmark:edges:edge` class

**get\_html**(*columns=None*)

Access the `plbenchmark:edges.edgeSet` as a HTML string

**Parameters**

**cols** – list of columns which should be returned in the `pandas.DataFrame`

**Returns**

HTML string

## 5.4 Utils

utils.py Contains utility functions

`plbenchmark.utils.convert_error(error_value, value, original_type, final_type, temperature=300.0, out_unit=None)`

Converts an experimental value into another derived quantity with specified unit.

### Parameters

- **error\_value** – float, error of val, numerical value
- **value** – float, numerical value
- **original\_type** – string, code for the original observable. Can be *dg*, *ki*, *ic50*, *pic50*
- **final\_type** – string, code for the desired derived quantity. Can be *dg*, *ki*, *ic50*, *pic50*
- **temperature** – float, temperature in kelvin
- **out\_unit** – unit of type `pint`, output unit of `final_type`, needs to fit to the requested `final_type`

### Returns

`pint.Quantity` with desired unit

`plbenchmark.utils.convert_value(value, original_type, final_type, temperature=300.0, out_unit=None)`

Converts an experimental value into another derived quantity with specified unit.

### Parameters

- **value** – float, numerical value
- **original\_type** – string, code for the original observable. Can be *dg*, *ki*, *ic50*, *pic50*
- **final\_type** – string, code for the desired derived quantity. Can be *dg*, *ki*, *ic50*, *pic50*
- **temperature** – float, temperature in kelvin
- **out\_unit** – unit of type `pint`, output unit of `final_type`, needs to fit to the requested `final_type`

### Returns

`pint.Quantity` with desired unit

`plbenchmark.utils.find_doi_url(doi)`

Finds the links to a digital object identifier (doi).

### Parameters

**doi** – string

### Returns

string compiled string including the urls to the publication

`plbenchmark.utils.find_pdb_url(pdb)`

Finds the links to a pdb or a list of pdb codes.

### Parameters

**pdb** – string or list of strings

### Returns

string compiled string including the urls to the pdb entries



## INDICES AND TABLES

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